

ACCESS BANK PLC POLICY ON WHISTLE BLOWING

April 2023 Risk Rating: Moderate

RETURN THIS POLICY TO CONDUCT AND COMPLIANCE AFTER APPROVAL

access

DOCUMENT INFORMATION

Document Owner

This document is owned by the undersigned. He is responsible for ensuring that the policy is reviewed in line with the requirements of the Policy Approval, Broadcast and Administration Policy.

Name	Role
Femi Jaiyeola	Chief Conduct & Compliance Officer

Document History

Prepared By	Date	Version	Comment	
Favour Ekeng	June 18, 2012	1.0	Subject to Review	
Chukwuemeka Ugwu	September 15, 2014	2.0	Subject to Review	
Oluwakemi Taiwo	September 21, 2015	3.0	Annual Policy Review	
Oluwakemi Taiwo	July 2, 2018	4.0	Annual Policy Review	
ljeoma Ekechukwu	October 4, 2019	5.0	Annual Policy Review	
ljeoma Ekechukwu	February 20, 2020	6.0	Annual Policy Review	
Mohammed Rafiu	June 18, 2021	7.0	To align reporting timeline with CBN Circular	
Alexander Okonkwo	March 2022	8.0	To effect the change of the internal whistleblower number	
Alexander Okonkwo	May 2022	9	Document review in line with new structure	
Alexander Okonkwo	September 2022	10	Review of whistleblower standards in line with audit recommendations	
Mohammed Rafiu	April 2023	11	To reflect the changes in whistleblowing partners and the reporting channels	

Document Review/Approval

	Name	Designation	Signature	Date
Prepared by	Kazeem Mohammed	Team Member, Global		
		Compliance Advisory Unit		
Reviewed by	Joseph Osogbue	Unit Head, Global		
•		Compliance Advisory Unit		
Reviewed by	Robert Imowo	Group Head, Corporate		
•		Counsel		
Reviewed by	Olufemi Olayiwola	Head, Operational Risk		
Reviewed by	Olakunle Olashore	Head, Human Resources		
Concurred by	Omobola Faleye	Group Head, Internal Audit		
Concurred by	Femi Jaiyeola	Group Head, Conduct &		
-		Compliance		
Approved by	Gregory Jobome	Executive Director, Risk		
,		Management		



TABLE OF CONTENT

SECTION	CONTENT	PAGE
1.0	Executive summary	4
2.0	Introduction	4
3.0	Objectives of the policy	4
4.0	Scope of the policy	5
5.0	Stakeholders of the policy	5
6.0	General provisions on concerns	5
7.0	Types of concerns to be raised	7
7.1	Whistleblowing Procedure	7
7.2	Outsourced Whistleblowing Platform managed by Deloitte	7
7.3	Whistleblower Identity Options	7
7.4	Completely Anonymous	8
7.5	Partially Anonymous	8
7.6	Confidential Disclosure	8
7.7	Subsequent Action	8
7.8	Feedback to Whistleblower	8
7.9	Applicability	8
8.0	Obligations and Protection of the Whistleblower	9
9.0	Recipient of Whistleblowing Report & Frequency	9
10.0	Reassurance Procedure	11
10.1	Employee Disclosures to Government, Regulatory or Self-Regulatory Agency	11
10.2	Confidentiality	11
10.3	Protection for Whistle Blowers	11
10.4	Reports to the Regulators and Board	12
10.5	Rights of Persons Implicated	12
11.0	Investigation	12
11.1	Reward scheme for whistle blowers	13
11.2	Categories of Risk being averted	13
12.0	Training and Awareness	13
12.1	Non-Compliance	14
12.2	Disclaimer	14
12.3	Periodic Review	14
	Appendix I-III	15-17



1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Whistle blowing refers to the practice of reporting wrongdoing or unethical behaviour in an organization. The purpose of the whistle blowing program is to encourage employees to disclose any malpractice or misconduct which they observe. The Whistle Blowing Policy is primarily for concerns where the interest of the Bank or its stakeholders is at stake. The policy is therefore fundamental to the bank's professional integrity. In addition, it reinforces the value the bank places on staff to be honest and respected members of their individual professions. More so, it is important to note that employees who report allegations of malpractice will be protected as confidentiality is key to the effective implementation of a whistle blowing program.

2.0 INTRODUCTION

Whistle blowing refers to the practice of reporting wrongdoing or unethical behaviour in an organization. The purpose of the whistle blowing program is to encourage employees to disclose any malpractice or misconduct which they observe. More so, it is important to note that employees who report allegations of malpractice will be protected as confidentiality is key to the effective implementation of a whistle blowing program.

The Whistle Blowing Policy is primarily for concerns where the interest of the Bank or its stakeholders is at stake. The policy is therefore fundamental to the bank's professional integrity. In addition, it reinforces the value the bank places on staff to be honest and respected members of their individual professions. It provides a method of properly addressing bona fide concerns that individuals within the firm might have, while also offering whistleblowers protection from victimization, harassment, or disciplinary proceedings.

All employees are encouraged to raise genuine concerns about misconduct, malpractices, and unethical behavior at the earliest opportunity and in an appropriate way.

Access Bank has outsourced the complaint mechanism of the whistle blowing program to DELOITTE. The benefit of this is to engage an independent consultant so as to assure employees of confidentiality and protection from possible reprisal.

3.0 OBJECTIVES OF THE POLICY

The objectives of this policy are:

- To support our corporate philosophy.
- To comply with the Central Bank of Nigeria Guidelines for Whistleblowing for Banks and Other Financial Institution in Nigeria.
- To encourage employees to confidently raise concerns about unethical violation of the bank's policies and breach of professional codes of conduct.
- To reassure the whistle blower of protection from possible reprisals or victimization if a disclosure has been made in good faith.
- To provide a transparent process for dealing with concerns.
- To regularly communicate to members of staff the avenues open to them.



4.0 SCOPE OF THE POLICY

The Access Bank whistle blowing policy applies to employees, management, directors and other stakeholders such as contractors, shareholders, job applicants and the general Public in all locations where the bank operates in Nigeria and all of the Bank's subsidiaries.

5.0 STAKEHOLDERS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

STAKEHOLDERS	RESPONSIBILITY			
	The CCCO receives whistle blowing complaints and monitors			
	investigation outcomes for reporting to CBN quarterly and			
Conduct and	DELOITTE monthly. He also reports efficiency of Whistleblowing to			
Compliance	the Board Risk Management Committee.			
	Receive whistle blowing complaints from the public on wrongdoings			
DELOITTE	and reports to the Bank for investigation and feedback.			
	Receive whistle blowing complaints from the public on misconduct			
CBN	by banks and its executives for investigation.			
	Receive whistle blowing complaints from the public on misconduct			
NDIC	by banks and its executives for investigation			
	Conduct investigation of reported whistleblowing cases and provides			
	feedback of outcome for reporting to CBN and DELOITTE. Also,			
	they make a report to the Board Audit Committee of all			
Group Internal Audit	whistleblowing investigation outcomes.			
Legal	Handle legal issues for the bank on reported cases			
Strategic Business				
Units	Report misconducts that should be whistle blown.			
Customers	Report misconducts that should be whistle blown.			
Executive Management	nt Implementation of whistleblower programme			
Board of Directors	Approval of whistleblower program			
All members of staff	Report misconducts that should be whistle blown.			
Vendors and				
Contractors	Report misconducts that should be whistle blown.			

6.0 GENERAL PROVISIONS ON CONCERNS

6.0.1	What	is	aA concern includes a grievance or report of a suspected breach of			
	concern?		law or group policy.			
6.0.2	Am I oblig	ged to	All employees and stakeholders are expected to promptly report			
	report a c	oncern?	concerns regarding:			
			(i) violations or potential violations of applicable law, rule, or			
			regulation, or breaches of applicable Policy, Standard or Procedure,			
			including Violations or Breaches resulting from Misconduct as			
			defined in this paragraph,			
			(ii) behavior that is a departure from industry or other applicable			
			standard of conduct (whether external or internal),			
			iii) breaches of Access Bank Code of Conduct or other ethical			
			standard, or			
			(iv) deliberate avoidance or manipulation of controls			
			Employees need not determine the significance or severity of			



	1	₩ 000033		
		Concerns, rather, employees must escalate all Concerns, regardless of the level of severity.		
		Escalation must never be a substitute for employees making decisions that they are authorized to make or for effective discussion and decision-making. In addition, employees can seek guidance from their managers, others in their management chain, or from supporting functions. These interactions are not considered "escalations" for purposes of this Policy.		
6.0.3	Will I be disadvantaged?	You will not be disadvantaged for reporting a concern under this policy regardless of the outcome, provided you make the report in good faith.		
		Each person who reports a concern under this policy is expected to act in good faith.		
		Where a whistle-blower has been subjected to any detriment in contravention of the above, he/she may present a complaint to the regulator. This is without prejudice to the right of the whistleblower to take appropriate legal action.		
	What happens after I report a concern?	All concerns reported under this policy will be taken seriously. The way a matter is handled will depend on the type of concern raised.		
	Will I get any feedback?	As a general rule, you will be given feedback, subject to any privacy, confidentiality, or other legal considerations within 30 working days.		
6.0.6	Reporting Channels	You can report a concern either by calling the Whistle blowing Ethics Channels provided by Deloitte below:		
		Toll free hotline: 0800TIPOFFS (0800 847 6337). Web Portal: https://tip-offs.deloitte.com.ng E-mail: tip-offs@deloitte.com.ng. Mobile App: Download Deloitte Tip-offs Anonymous App on Android or iOS devices.		
		Or Using the Internal Whistle Blowing Hotlines provided by the Bank		
		Telephone: +234(1)2712010 IP Phone:4160 Email: whistleblower@accessbankplc.com		
		Or Using the CBN ethics line		
		ethicsoffice@cbn.gov.ng anticorruptionunit@cbn.gov.ng		
		You can report a concern either by disclosing your identity or by remaining anonymous.		



7.0 TYPES OF CONCERNS TO BE RAISED

Employees and other stakeholders can raise concerns encountered in the workplace relating to a perceived wrongdoing. The bank considers such wrongdoing to include:

- Fraud, which means any act or omission, including a misrepresentation, that knowingly and recklessly misleads, or attempts to mislead, a party to obtain financial or other benefit or to avoid an obligation.
- Corruption, which means the offering, giving, receiving, or soliciting, directly or indirectly, anything of value to influence improperly the actions of another party.
- Misconduct, which means failure by Bank Personnel to observe the Bank's codes of conduct.
- Coercive practices, which mean impairing or harming, or threatening to impair or harm, directly or indirectly, any party or the property of the party to influence improperly the actions of a party.
- Collusive practices, which mean an arrangement between two or more parties designed to achieve an improper purpose, including influencing improperly the actions of another party.
- Money laundering, financing of terrorism and proliferation financing.
- Insiders abuses such as cases of bullying, physical/sexual harassment and those concerning dignity at work;
- Non-disclosure of interest
- General malpractice such as immoral, illegal or unethical conduct (including where someone's health & safety has been put in danger); and
- Any other activity which undermines the Bank's operations and corporate philosophy.

7.1 Whistleblowing Procedure

The whistleblowing procedure involves steps that should be taken by the whistleblower in reporting misconduct, and steps required for the investigation of the reported misconduct. The whistleblowing process will be guided by the following procedures:

7.2 Outsourced Whistleblowing Platform managed by Deloitte

To assure all Access Bank stakeholders of the confidentiality and anonymity of reported concerns, Access Bank also maintains an outsourced whistleblowing service managed by an independent party, Deloitte. This platform provided by Deloitte for raising concerns is branded Deloitte Tip-offs Anonymous (TOA). All whistleblowing reports should be made using any of the Deloitte TOA reporting channels (see Appendix I).

Before making a tip-off (report of alleged misconduct), it is important to obtain as much relevant information as possible, as the whistleblower would be requested to provide relevant information (see Appendix I).

7.3 Whistleblower Identity Options

There are three (3) options to choose from in protecting your identity as a whistleblower. This comprises Completely Anonymous, Partially Anonymous and Confidential Disclosure. Deloitte encourages whistleblowers to select either option of 'partially anonymous' or confidential disclosure', to afford Access Bank sufficient information to better handle your concern. All whistleblower reports are handled confidentially.



7.4 Completely Anonymous

A Whistleblower who selects the completely anonymous option, will not be required to supply his/her name or any information that might reveal the whistleblower's identity. Consequently, the details of the whistleblower are unknown to either Deloitte or Access Bank. However, Deloitte TOA will be unable to contact the whistleblower for more information on behalf of Access Bank if further information about the whistleblower's reported concern is required.

7.5 Partially Anonymous

A Whistleblower who selects the partially anonymous option will be required to disclose his/her personal details to Deloitte only. Deloitte Tip-offs Anonymous contact centre manages this reporting facility. The whistleblower's personal details would not be divulged to Access Bank. If further information about the whistleblower's reported concern is required, the Deloitte Tip-offs Anonymous contact centre will contact the whistleblower.

7.6 Confidential Disclosure

A Whistleblower who selects the confidential disclosure option will be required to disclose his/her personal details to Deloitte and Access Bank. The whistleblower's name and contact details would be known to the Deloitte Tip-offs Anonymous contact centre, Access Bank and the investigators that will conduct the investigation.

7.7 Subsequent Action

Upon receipt of a report, via any of the TOA reporting channels, Deloitte transmits the report to the designated recipient(s) within Access Bank (see Appendix III) for an investigation to be conducted. Deloitte will send each TOA report to designated officers usually within 24 hours of receiving an incident reported by a stakeholder. Public holidays, weekends, and events/circumstances beyond the control of Deloitte (such as strikes, riots and other force majeure) are excluded from the 24 hours timeline within which reports are required to be submitted to the Company.

7.8 Feedback to Whistleblower

Feedback will be provided by Access Bank to Deloitte Tip-offs Anonymous after investigation and subsequently transmitted to the whistleblower through the initial channel of submission, upon the request of the Whistleblower (see Appendix II).

Deloitte would immediately acknowledge receipt of any reported concern by a whistleblower. However, feedback on the outcome of any reported concern would be dependent on the Bank time to completion of its internal investigations.

7.9 Applicability

This policy applies to all Board Directors and employees of the Company who may have a complaint which they wish to have addressed but feel the complaint is so serious or is of such confidential nature that it cannot be discussed with the Line Manager, Head of Department or HR Manager.

In addition, anyone outside the Company who believes that there is a "reportable act" that should be brought to the attention Access Bank, should follow the procedure outlined in this policy. Likewise, any other conduct that is likely to cause financial or non-financial loss to the Company and/or brand and reputation, or otherwise be detrimental to the interests of the Company.



8.0 Obligations and Protection of the Whistleblower

In making whistleblowing reports, the whistleblower is obligated to ensure that:

- 1. The report is made in good faith
- 2. He or she has reasonable grounds to believe that the report is true.
- 3. The whistleblower is encouraged to report even if he or she does not have all the relevant information.
- 4. He or she is not making the report for personal gain.
- 5. Reports should be made timely.
- 6. Although the whistleblower shall not be expected to prove the truth of an allegation, he/she shall need to demonstrate that there are sufficient grounds for the concern.
- 7. Any employee or director who makes a report in bad faith is subject to discipline, including termination of board appointment or employee status, or other legal means to protect the reputation and brand of the Company and members of its Board and employees.
- 8. Disciplinary/legal action will be taken against anyone deliberately raising false and malicious allegations against Access Bank.
- 9. It shall be the policy of Access Bank to protect whistleblowers who disclose concerns, provided the disclosure is made;
 - in the reasonable belief that that it is intended to show malpractice or impropriety.
 - to an appropriate person or authority; and
 - in good faith without malice or mischief.
 - The Company shall consider the following in dealing with anonymous disclosure:
 - the seriousness of the issues being reported.
 - the significance and credibility of the concern; and
 - the possibility of confirming the allegation.

Directors, executive management and/or employees who acted in good faith by reporting a violation of the Company's Code of ethics and/or other policies, processes and procedures shall not suffer any form of harassment, retaliation, or adverse employment consequence. Anyone who retaliates against the whistleblower (who reported an event in good faith) will be subject to discipline, including termination of board appointment or employee status.

The whistleblower shall receive no retaliation or reprisal for a report that was provided in good faith even if the report turns out to be wrong i.e. that was not done primarily with malice to damage another or the Company.

9.0 Recipient of Whistleblowing Report & Frequency

Whistleblowing reports received by DELOITTE are sent to five dedicated recipients in **Appendix III**. Whether the whistle blower discloses his/her identity, DELOITTE will not provide any indication of the whistle blower's identity to Access Bank except DELOITTE has a written consent from the whistle blower to provide his/her identity to Access Bank.

The Internal Whistle Blowing Hotline shall be available during working hours on workdays only. However, the email channel will always be available, and the information provided by the whistle blower kept confidential.



For successful implementation of the whistle blowing program, the activities in the policy below have been noted down:

Task	Frequency	Step		Responsibility
Send reports from	Daily	1.	Receive a report from a whistle	DELOITTE
Whistle blowers on			blower on behalf of Access Bank	
behalf of Access Bank to			and send same to designated	
designated Access Bank			staff of Access Bank within 24	
staff			hours of the report from the	
			whistle blower.	
		2.	If the report is against any of the	
			designated recipients of Access	
			Bank, DELOITTE is to send the	
			report to the other recipients	
			exclusive of the designated	
			Access Bank staff indicted in the	
			whistle blowing report	
•	Daily	1.	The designated recipients of	
whistle blowing			these reports will receive the	
from DELOITTE			reports from DELOITTE.	
		2.	The designated recipients in	
			Internal Audit and Compliance	
			would treat the received	
			complaints in line with their	
			function. Compliance would	
			keep a log of received	
			complaints for reporting while internal audit investigates	
			internal audit investigates the complaint.	
		2	For all the whistleblowing reports	
		J.	that require investigations or	
			further action(s), the outcome	
			of the investigation report	
			should be distributed based on	
			the type of incident.	
Send Report (Monthly	Monthly/Qua	1.		Group Conduct
to DELOITTE / Quarterly	_		Compliance Officer receives a	•
to CBN)	,		monthly summary sheet from	
,			DELOITTE.	
		2.	The Global Compliance	
			Advisory officer receives the	
			monthly summary reports from	
			the Chief Conduct & Compliance	



V
Officer and verifies same for
completeness.
3. On the 12th of every month,
monthly status of whistleblowing
report for previous month should
be sent to DELOITTE.
4. On the 7th day of the month
following end of every quarter,
the quarterly status report should
be sent to the CBN and NDIC
with an approved cover letters.
3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3

10.0 REASSURANCE PROCEDURES

10.1 Employee Disclosures to Government, Regulatory or Self-Regulatory Agency Nothing contained in this Policy prohibits or restricts an employee from voluntarily reporting concerns to a government, regulatory, or self-regulatory agency as required by local jurisdiction regulations. Employees do not need prior permission from the Bank to raise such Concerns, and employees are not required to notify the Bank after doing so.

10.2 Confidentiality

In reporting concerns, the confidentiality of the issue reported and anonymity of the individual who reported must be maintained except where required by a legal proceeding or by law. In the case, where the confidentiality or anonymity is required by a legal proceeding or law, a written consent of the whistle – blower (wherein his/her identity had been willingly disclosed) will be required.

10.3 Protection for Whistle Blowers

Any staff, consultant, shareholder, director, vendor or member of the public, who reports an irregularity, provided that this is done in good faith and in compliance with the provisions of this policy, shall be protected against any acts of retaliation.

The Bank shall not subject a whistleblower to any detriment whatsoever on the grounds that she/he has made a disclosure in accordance with the provisions of the CBN guidelines for whistle blowing even when it is untrue.

Where a whistle-blower has been subjected to any detriment in contravention of the CBN guideline, he/she may present a complaint to the CBN. This is without prejudice to the right of the whistleblower to take appropriate legal action.

For the purposes of this policy, "detriment" is defined as any action or threat of action which is unjustly meted to the whistleblower because of his/her report, including, but not limited to harassment, discrimination and acts of vindictiveness, direct or indirect, that are recommended, threatened or taken against the whistleblower, dismissal, termination, redundancy, undue influence, duress, withholding of benefits and/or entitlements and any other act that has negative impact on the whistle-blower.

ABP.CIC.0712.070



An employee who has suffered any detriment by reason of disclosure made pursuant to the provision of the policy shall be entitled to compensation and/or reinstatement provided that in the case of compensation, the employee's entitlement shall be computed as if he had attained the maximum age of retirement or had completed the maximum period of service, in accordance with his condition of service. For other stakeholders, the whistle-blower shall be adequately compensated.

"Good faith" can be taken to mean the explicit belief in the authenticity of the reported incidents, i.e. the fact that the member of staff reasonably believes the transmitted information to be true.

10.4 Reports to the Regulators and Board

The Head, Group Internal Audit shall provide the Chairman of the Board Audit Committee with a summary of cases reported and the result of the investigation. The Bank shall make quarterly returns to the CBN and NDIC on all whistle-blowing reports and corporate governance related breaches. The Bank shall include a whistle blowing compliance status report in its annual audited financial statements.

10.5 Rights of Persons Implicated

Any Access Bank member of staff implicated by reports of irregularities must be notified in good time of the allegations made against them, provided that this notification does not impede the progress of the procedure for establishing the circumstances of the case.

It is important to note here that the basic rights of any member of staff implicated by the reported incidents must be respected, whilst ensuring that the procedures provided for are effective.

11.0 INVESTIGATION

After incident reports are received from the External reporting channel (DELOITTE) or the internal whistle blowing channels, a preliminary evaluation will be carried out by Global Compliance Advisory Unit to validate the incidents. Cases that require further investigations will be handled by the Internal Audit Group as received from DELOITTE.

Where DELOITTE or the whistle blower want information on an outcome of investigation, such information should be provided, as it is also important for whistle blower to be aware that an action is being taken on the incident reported.

Where there is no case to a claim raised by a whistleblower, or it is clear that the person making such claim acted in good faith, the Chief Internal Auditor shall ensure that the person suffers no reprisal. However, when a person makes a report in bad faith, particularly if it is based knowingly on false or misleading information, a report of finding should be kept on the incident without any disciplinary actions against the whistle blower.

The Head, Group Internal Audit, shall review reported cases and recommend appropriate action to the Group Managing Director (MD) and where issues affect Executive Management, such issues should be referred to the Board. The Board or MD shall take appropriate action to redress the situation within a reasonable time.

Types of Incidents

Recipients of Report



	V
Fraud, theft of company assets	Group Managing Director
	Company Secretariat
	Chief Compliance Officer
	Chief Inspector/Head of Internal Audit
	Human resource related matters
Breach of Code of Corporate	Chairman of the Board
Governance for Banks in Nigeria	Group Managing Director
Other types of unethical conduct	Chief Risk Officer
	Chief Compliance Officer
Report against a Director (excluding the	Chairman of the Board
Managing Director) irrespective of type of	Group Managing Director
incident	Company Secretary
Report against the Managing Director	Chairman of the Board
irrespective of type of incident	Company Secretary

Note that the following key principles are embedded in the Bank's whistle blowing mechanism to ensure its effectiveness:

- a. An assurance that whistle blowing reports made will be promptly investigated
- b. An assurance that the identity of the reporting employee will be kept confidential
- c. An assurance that there will be no retaliation against reporting employees
- d. Infringements of items (a) to (c) will result in disciplinary action including dismissal.

11.1 Reward Scheme For Whistle Blowers

A reward scheme has been designed for whistle blowers whose identities are known. Due to confidentiality issues, the names of identified whistle blowers will be restricted to key officers in HR, Conduct and Compliance, Anti- Fraud Unit and Internal Audit Group. The process will be as follows:

- Upon receipt of information from whistle blower, Internal Audit will investigate the authenticity of the information.
- If information is verified, evidenced by an approved report by Executive Management, the whistle blowers will be rewarded based on the identified risks to the bank.
- Rewards to be given to whistle blowers will be done discreetly to protect their identity.

11.2 Categories of Risk being averted

The risks to the bank have been identified under two broad categories:

- **Financial Loss**: This is when the information provided by the whistle blower has saved the bank from any loss in monetary terms.
- **Non-Financial Loss**: This is when the information provided by the whistle blower has saved the bank from reputational risks, operational risk etc. without any financial implication to the bank.

The recommended rewards are summarized below:

S/N	Risk to the Bank	Amount Less than N10M	Amount above N10M
1	Financial Loss	2.5% of the sum recovered as a	5% of the sum recovered as a
		result of the case reported.	result of the case reported.
2	Non-Financial Loss	A letter of commendation signed	by the Chief Risk Officer and 1
		appraisal bonus	

12.0 TRAINING & AWARENESS

ABP.CIC.0712.070



Employees are expected to be trained at least once yearly with regards to the requirements, expectations, roles, and responsibilities of the policy.

Awareness with regards to this policy will be done regularly through either nuggets, screen savers, employee central, comics, "did you know series" etc. in line with the awareness program.

12.1 Non-Compliance

Failure to ensure compliance with this Policy could lead to the following consequences:

- ✓ Disciplinary action initiated by the Company, including dismissal; and/or
- ✓ Termination of any contractual relationship by the Company for breach of this Policy.

12.2 Disclaimer

A stakeholder's right to protection under this policy does not extend immunity for any complicity in the matters that are the subject of the report or an ensuing investigation or for reports made maliciously.

12.3 Periodic Review

This policy shall be reviewed in line with the risk rating or as may from time to time be determined by the Bank. As the need arises, however, specific aspects of the policy may be reviewed and updated at the discretion of the Executive Management.



APPENDIX I

Procedure for using Deloitte Tip-offs Anonymous

How it Works: Whistleblowing reports should be made using any of the Deloitte TOA reporting channels listed below.

- Toll free hotline: 0800TIPOFFS (0800 847 6337).
- Web Portal: https://tip-offs.deloitte.com.ng
- E-mail: tip-offs@deloitte.com.ng.
- Mobile App: Download Deloitte Tip-offs Anonymous App on Android or iOS devices.

Step 1:

Whistleblower contacts Deloitte Tip-offs Anonymous contact centre via the toll-free hotline (Calls are toll-free to all networks). Dial the hotline from any telephone of your choice. You may call anonymously – even if you disclose your name, your identity will remain confidential and will not be disclosed to Access Bank except with your consent.

Step 2:

Our contact centre agent provides options of anonymity, prompts questions and provides a unique reference number to the whistleblower. The contact centre agent interviews the whistleblower to obtain as much relevant information as possible.

Ensure you provide all the available details:

- a. Nature of the incident
- b. People involved
- c. Dates of incident
- d. Place of occurrence
- e. How the incident occurred
- f. Any other useful information

Step 3:

Report analyst sanitizes report to remove any details that might identify the whistleblower, if the partially anonymous or completely anonymous option is chosen.

You will be assigned a unique reference code (PIN) – keep this confidential as you will need this number if you make a follow-up. You may call back for feedback on your report or to provide additional information

Step 4:

The information received is captured in a TOA report format, the report is reviewed by the Contact center manager and transmitted to designated personnel of Access Bank for further action (see Appendix II).

Step 5:

The investigation is conducted, and feedback is provided by Access Bank to Deloitte.

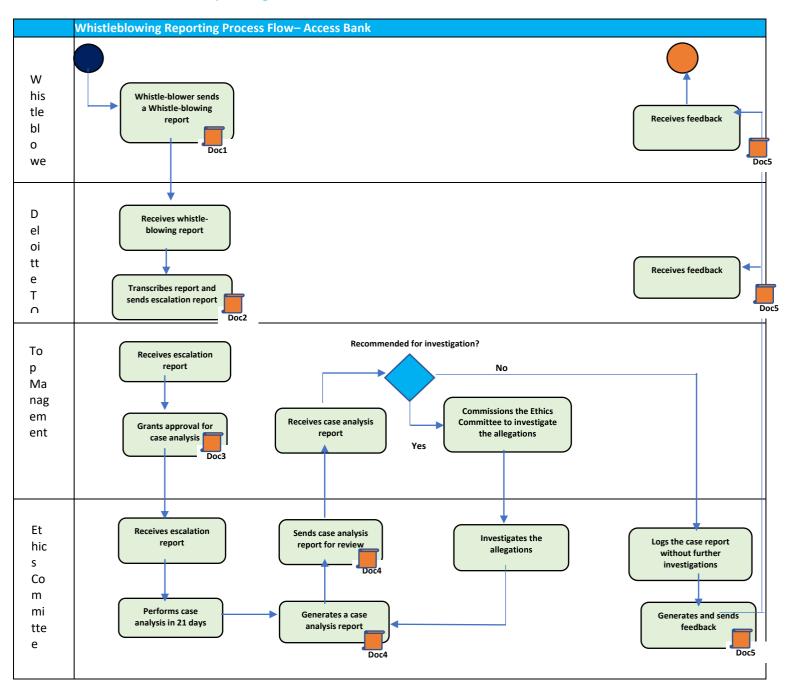
Step 6:



The Whistleblower may subsequently call back to provide additional information or request feedback

APPENDIX II

Process Flow for Reporting





Document Legend:

- Doc1 Whistle blowing report
- Doc2 Escalation report by Deloitte TOA
- Doc3 Approval for the conduct of case analysis
- Doc4 Case Analysis report by the Access Bank's Ethics Committee
- Doc5 Feedback from the Ethics Committee

APPENDIX III

Tip-Offs Anonymous (TOA) Report Escalation Matrix

S/N	Type of incident	Recipients	Names of Recipients
1	All forms of financial malpractices or impropriety	Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer	Roosevelt Ogbonna
	such as fraud, corruption,	Chief Compliance Officer	Femi Jaiyeola
	bribery and extortion	Head of Internal Audit	Omobola Faleye
2	HR-related matters (e.g., sexual harassment, conflict of	Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer	Roosevelt Ogbonna
	interest, other employment,	Chief Compliance Officer	Femi Jaiyeola
	political activities, alcohol & drug abuse, certificate forgery, etc.)	Head of Internal Audit	Omobola Faleye
3	Breach of the Code of Conduct and Business	Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer	Roosevelt Ogbonna
	Principles	Head of Internal Audit	Omobola Faleye
		Chief Compliance Officer	Femi Jaiyeola
4	Theft of company asset,	Chief Compliance Officer	Femi Jaiyeola
	Sabotage or vandalism of the company asset	Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer	Roosevelt Ogbonna
		Head of Internal Audit	Omobola Faleye
5	Any other type of unethical	Chief Compliance Officer	Femi Jaiyeola
	conduct	Head of Internal Audit	Omobola Faleye
		Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer	Roosevelt Ogbonna
6	Reports against Directors &	Chairman of the Board	Paul Usoro
	Executives (other than the Managing Director) irrespective of the type of incident	Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer	Roosevelt Ogbonna
7	Reports against the	Chairman of the Board	Paul Usoro
	Managing Director irrespective of the type of incident	Independent Director	Adeniyi Adekoya
8	Monthly Summary Reports	Head of Internal Audit	Omobola Faleye
		Chief Compliance Officer	Femi Jaiyeola

Document Legend:

- **Doc1** Whistle blowing report
- Doc2 Escalation report by Deloitte TOA
- **Doc3** Approval for the conduct of case analysis
- **Doc4** Case Analysis report by the Access Bank's Ethics Committee
- **Doc5** Feedback from the Ethics Committee

ACCESS BANK PLC

Whistleblowing Policy

Next Review Date: Risk Rating:

Moderate

Policy Approval, Attestation and Engagement Document

Generated for case number 59708311

Document Information

Document Owner

This document is owned by the undersigned. The owner is responsible for ensuring that the document is reviewed in line with the requirements of the Policy Approval, Broadcast and Administration framework.

Document Name

Whistleblowing Policy

Document History

Document	Date	Version	Comments
Prepared By			
Kazeem Mohammed	2023-04-05		To reflect the
			changes in
			whistleblowing
			partners and the
			reporting channels

Executive Summary

Whistle blowing refers to the practice of reporting wrongdoing or unethical behaviour in an organization. The purpose of the whistle blowing program is to encourage employees to disclose any malpractice or misconduct which they observe. The Whistle Blowing Policy is primarily for concerns where the interest of the Bank or its stakeholders is at stake. The policy is therefore fundamental to the bank's professional integrity. In addition, it reinforces the value the bank places on staff to be honest and respected members of their individual professions. More so, it is important to note that employees who report allegations of malpractice will be protected as confidentiality is key to the effective implementation of a whistle blowing program.

Approval Log

FUNCTION		NAME		DATE			
Requested By		Kazeem Mohammed		2023-04-05 08:22:27			
Unit Head Approval Reviewed By		JOSEPH OSOGBUE		2023-04-05 11:44:10			
FUNCTION	NAME		DESIGNATI ON	SIGNAT	URE	DATE	
Reviewed By	Jaiyeola Fem	ni	Group Chief Conduct & Compliance Officer	Complete	ed	2023-04-16 20:51:12	
Reviewed By	Olayiwola Olufemi		Head, Operational	Complete	ed	2023-04-28 15:53:32	

		Risk Management		
Reviewed By	Imowo Robert	Head, Corporate Counsel	Completed	2023-04-30 10:22:09
Reviewed By	FALEYE OMOBOLA	Chief Audit Executive	Completed	2023-05-02 09:03:35
Concurred By	Jobome Gregory	Executive director, risk Management	Completed	2023-05-04 21:27:47
Approved By	OGBONNA ROOSEVELT	Managing Director/CEO	Completed	2023-05-04 23:26:07

Please Return This Procedure Back To Compliance Advisory and Support Unit After Approval